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CLAIMS:

1. A method of preparing a polymer which comprises structural units of formula I,

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_2 & R''_2 \\
\hline
S(O)_t R_1
\end{array}$$
(I)

in which formula:

Ar is an aromatic cyclic system with 4 to 20 carbon atoms, which may be substituted with a substituent chosen from among a non-branched C₁-C₂₀-alkyl, C₃-C₂₀-alkoxy, C₁-C₂₀-alkylsulfate, a branched C₃-C₂₀-alkyl, phenyl or benzyl group and which may comprise up to 4 heteroatoms chosen from the group comprising oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen in the aromatic cyclic system,

is equal to 0, 1, or 2,

R₁ is chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C₁-C₂₀-alkyl group, a branched C₃-C₂₀ alkyl group, a cyclic C₄-C₂₀-alkyl group, a C₁-C₄-alkyl-substituted cyclic C₄-C₂₀-alkyl group, a phenyl group and a benzyl group, which groups may comprise heteroatoms,

R₂ and R"₂ are chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen atom and a C₁-C₂₀-alkyl and C₄-C₂₀-aryl group, which groups may comprise substituents,

characterized in that the method starts with a compound having the formula II

$$R'_1S$$
 Ar SR_1 R'_2 R_2 (II)

in which formula

R'₁ is chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C₁-C₂₀-alkyl group, a branched C₃-C₂₀ alkyl group, a cyclic alkyl group, a C₁-C₄-alkyl-substituted

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cyclic alkyl group, a phenyl and a benzyl group, which groups may comprise heteroatoms,

R₁, R₂, and Ar are equal to R₁, R₂, and Ar in formula I, and

R'₂ is chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen atom and a C₁-C₂₀-alkyl and C₄-C₂₀-aryl group, which groups may comprise substituents, and that the polymer with structural units of the formula I is prepared through polymerization with the aid of a base into a polymer which comprises units having the formula III

$$- \begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ \hline \\ SR_1 \end{array}$$
 (III)

in which formula

 R_1 , R_2 , and Ar are equal to R_1 , R_2 , and Ar in formula II, and

- R"₂ is-chosen from the group comprising R₂ and R'₂, and for the preparation of the polymer with units having the formula I, in which formula t is equal to 1 or 2, through oxidation of at least a number of the units of the polymer having the

formula III

2. A method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the method starts with a compound having the formula II in which –Ar- is the unit having the formula IV

 R_3 R'_3 (IV)

in which formula

25 X is chosen from the group of O, S, NR₆,

R₃ and R'₃ are chosen from the group comprising hydrogen, a chlorine, a bromine, a fluorine, and an iodine atom, a C₁-C₄-alkyl, a carbonitryl, trihalomethyl, hydroxy, nitro, amino, carboxyl, sulfoxyl, sulfonate and carbonate group, and a substituted and non-substituted phenyl, alkylaryl, and arylalkyl, alkoxy, and thioalkoxy group, and

 R_6 is chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen atom and C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, aryl, C_1 - C_{20} -alkylaryl, and arylalkyl group.

3. A method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the method starts with a compound having the formula II in which –Ar- is the unit having the formula V

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10 in which formula

 R_5 , R'_5 , and R'''_5 are chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, fluorine, and iodine atom, and C_1 - C_{22} -alkyl, carbonitryl, trihalomethyl, hydroxy, nitro, amino, carboxyl, sulfoxyl, sulfonate, and carbonate group, and an optionally substituted phenyl, C_1 - C_{22} -alkylaryl and arylalkyl, C_1 - C_{22} -alkoxy, and C_1 - C_{22} -thioalkoxy group.

15 N 4.

A method of preparing compounds having the formula II

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$$R'_1S$$
 Ar SR_1 R'_2 R_2 (II)

in which formula:

Ar

R₁ and R₁'

is an aromatic cyclic system with 4 to 20 carbon atoms, which may be substituted with a substituent chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -alkoxy, C_1 - C_{20} -alkylsulfate, a branched C_3 - C_{20} -alkyl, phenyl or benzyl group and which may comprise up to 4 heteroatoms chosen from the group comprising oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen in the aromatic cyclic system,

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are chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C₁-C₂₀-alkyl group, a branched C₃-C₂₀ alkyl group, a cyclic alkyl group, a C₁-C₄-alkyl-substituted cyclic alkyl group, a C₄-C₁₄-aryl group, and a benzyl group, which groups may comprise heteroatoms,

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 R_2 and R_2 ' are chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen atom and a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl and a C_4 - C_{20} -aryl group, which groups may comprise substituents,

characterized in that H-Ar-H reacts with R₁SH and R₂-(C=O)-H and with R'₁SH and R'₂-(C=O)-H so as to form the compound having the formula II.

(5.)

Compounds having the formula II

species

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$$R'_1S$$
 Ar SR_1 R'_2 R_2 R_2 (II)

Ar

in which formula

is an aromatic cyclic system with 4 to 20 carbon atoms, which may be substituted with a substituent chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -alkoxy, C_1 - C_{20} -alkylsulfate, a branched C_3 - C_{20} -alkyl, phenyl or benzyl group, and which may comprise up to 4 heteroatoms chosen from the group comprising oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen in the aromatic cyclic system,

R₁ and R'₁

are chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a branched C_3 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a cyclic alkyl group, a C_1 - C_4 -alkyl-substituted cyclic alkyl group, a C_4 - C_{14} -aryl group, and a benzyl group, which groups may comprise heteroatoms,

 R_2

is chosen from the group comprising a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl and C_4 - C_{20} -aryl group, which groups may comprise substituents, and

20 R'₂

is chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen atom, a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, and a C_4 - C_{20} -aryl group, which groups may contain substituents.

$$- \left\{ \begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ SR_1 \end{array} \right\}$$

N 6.

Polymers with structural units having the formula III,

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in which formula:

Ar

is an aromatic cyclic system with 4 to 20 carbon atoms, which may be substituted with a substituent chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -alkoxy, C_1 - C_{20} -alkylsulfate, a branched C_3 - C_{20} -alkyl, phenyl or benzyl group, and which may comprise up to 4 heteroatoms

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chosen from the group comprising oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen in the aromatic cyclic system,

is chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a branched C_3 - C_{20} alkyl group, a cyclic C_4 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a C_1 - C_4 -alkyl-substituted cyclic C_4 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a phenyl group and a benzyl group, which groups may comprise heteroatoms, and

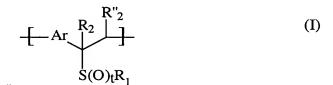
 R_2 and R''_2 are chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen atom and a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl and C_4 - C_{20} -aryl group, which groups may comprise substituents.

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 R_1

Polymers with structural units having the formula I,



in which:

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Ar

is an aromatic cyclic system with 4 to 20 carbon atoms, which may be substituted with a substituent chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -alkoxy, C_1 - C_{20} -alkylsulfate, a branched C_3 - C_{20} -alkyl, phenyl or benzyl group, and which may comprise up to 4 heteroatoms chosen from the group comprising oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen in the aromatic cyclic system,

R₁ is chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C₁-C₂₀-alkyl group, a branched C₃-C₂₀ alkyl group, a cyclic C₄-C₂₀-alkyl group, a C₁-C₄-alkyl-substituted cyclic C₄-C₂₀-alkyl group, a phenyl group and a benzyl group, which groups may comprise heteroatoms, and

 R_2 and R''_2 are chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen atom and a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl and C_4 - C_{20} -aryl group, which groups may comprise substituents, and t is equal to 1 or 2,

characterized in that the polymers have an average chain length of at least 50 and at most 1000 units.



A composition of polymers with structural units having the formula IX:

$$- \begin{bmatrix} R_2 \\ X \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z$$
(IX)

in which

Ar

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is an aromatic cyclic system with 4 to 20 carbon atoms, which may be substituted with a substituent chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C₁-C₂₀- alkyl, C₃-C₂₀-alkoxy, C₁-C₂₀-alkylsulfate, a branched C₃-C₂₀-alkyl, phenyl or benzyl group and which may comprise up to 4 heteroatoms chosen from the group comprising oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen in the aromatic cyclic system,

10 R₂ and R"₂

 \mathbf{Z}

are chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen atom and a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl and C_4 - C_{20} -aryl groups, which groups may optionally comprise substituents, and is chosen from a group comprising $S(O)_pR_1$, OR_2 , in which p is equal to 0, 1 or 2, and R_1 and R_2 are chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a branched C_3 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a cyclic C_4 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a C_1 - C_4 -alkyl-substituted cyclic C_4 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a phenyl group, and a

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wherein a first fraction of the composition comprises polymers with structural units having the formula IX with Z equal to $S(O)_pR_1$ and a chain length of 50 to 1000 units, and a second fraction of the composition comprises polymers with a chain length of more than 1000 units.

benzyl group, which groups may contain heteroatoms,

20 9.

A method of preparing a polymer with structural units having the formula VI,

$$-Ar \xrightarrow{R''_2} (VI)$$

25 in which formula:

Ar

is an aromatic cyclic system with 4 to 20 carbon atoms, which may be substituted with a substituent chosen from among a non-branched C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -alkoxy, C_1 - C_{20} -alkylsulfate, a branched C_3 - C_{20} -alkyl, phenyl or benzyl group and which may comprise up to 4 heteroatoms chosen from the group comprising oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen in the aromatic cyclic system, and

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 R_2 and R''_2 are chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen atom and a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl and C_4 - C_{20} -aryl group, which groups may comprise substituents,

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wherein a polymer comprising structural units having the formula III is directly converted into the polymer comprising structural units of the formula VI by heating under catalysis of acid,

(III)

$$- \left\{ \begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ SR_1 \end{array} \right]$$

in which formula III:

is chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C₁-C₂₀-alkyl group, a branched C₃-C₂₀ alkyl group, a cyclic C₄-C₂₀-alkyl group, a C₁-C₄-alkyl-substituted cyclic C₄-C₂₀-alkyl group, a phenyl group and a benzyl group, which groups may comprise heteroatoms, and

Ar, R2 and R"2 are equal to Ar, R2 and R"2 in formula VI.

10. A method of manufacturing a layer of a polymer with structural units having the formula VI,

$$-Ar \xrightarrow{R''_2} (VI)$$

in which formula:

Ar is an aromatic cyclic system with 4 to 20 carbon atoms, which may be substituted with a substituent chosen from among a non-branched C₁-C₂₀-alkyl, C₃-C₂₀-alkoxy, C₁-C₂₀-alkylsulfate, a branched C₃-C₂₀-alkyl, phenyl or benzyl group and which may comprise up to 4 heteroatoms chosen from the group comprising oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen in the aromatic cyclic system, and

 R_2 and $R^{\prime\prime}_2$ are chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen atom and a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl and C_4 - C_{20} -aryl group, which groups may comprise substituents, which method comprises

the application of a solution of the polymer comprising structural units having the formula I as a layer on a substrate,

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R_2 \\
\hline
 & S(O)_t R_1
\end{array}$$
(I)

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'in which formula I:

t is equal to 0, 1 or 2,

- R₁ is chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a branched C_3 - C_{20} alkyl group, a cyclic C_4 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a C_1 - C_4 -alkyl-substituted cyclic C_4 - C_{20} -alkyl group, a phenyl group, and a benzyl group, which groups may comprise heteroatoms, and
- R₂, R"₂, and Ar are equal to R₂, R"₂ and Ar, respectively, in formula VI, and the conversion through heating of the polymer comprising structural units of the formula I into the polymer comprising structural units of the formula VI,
- structural units having the formula I, with a chain length of at least 50 and at most 1000 units.

characterized in that the solution to be provided as a layer comprises a polymer with

- 11. A method as claimed in claim 10, characterized in that the solution to be provided as a layer also comprises a polymer with structural units having the formula I, with a chain length of at least 50 and at most 1000 units.
 - 12. A method as claimed in claim 10, characterized in that
 - the method starts with a solution of a polymer with structural units having the formula I, in which p is equal to 0, and
- the polymer with structural units having the formula I, in which p is equal to 0, is oxidized with a peroxide prior to the application of the solution as a layer, such that a polymer with structural units having the formula I is created in which p is equal to 1 in at least a proportion of the units.
- 25 13. A method as claimed in claim 10, characterized in that:
 - the solution applied as the layer on the substrate contains the polymer with structural units having the formula I, in which p is equal to 0, and
 the conversion through heating is catalysed by acid.
- 30 14. An electronic device comprising a layer of a polymer with mainly the structural units having the formula VI:

$$- \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} R''_2 \\ R_2 \end{bmatrix}}$$
 (VI)

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in which formula:

Ar is an aromatic cyclic system with 4 to 20 carbon atoms, which may be substituted with a substituent chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C₁-C₂₀-alkyl, C₃-C₂₀-alkoxy, C₁-C₂₀-alkylsulfate, a branched C₃-C₂₀-alkyl, phenyl or benzyl group and which may comprise up to 4 heteroatoms chosen from the group comprising oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen in the aromatic cyclic system, and

 R_2 and R''_2 are chosen from the group comprising a hydrogen atom and a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl and C_4 - C_{20} -aryl group, which groups may comprise substituents,

10 characterized in that the polymer is prepared from at least a polymer with structural units having the formula I, with a chain length of at least 50 and at most 1000 units,

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R_2 & R_2 \\
\hline
 & S(O)_t R_1
\end{array}$$
(I)

in which formula I:

t is equal to 0, 1, or 2,

- R₁ is chosen from the group comprising a non-branched C₁-C₂₀-alkyl group, a branched C₃-C₂₀-alkyl group, a cyclic C₄-C₂₀-alkyl group, a C₁-C₄-alkyl-substituted cyclic C₄-C₂₀-alkyl group, a phenyl group, and a benzyl group, which groups may comprise heteroatoms, and

- R₂, R"₂ and Ar are identical to R₂, R"₂, and Ar, respectively, in formula VI.